

$$d\tau^2 = e^{2\nu(r)} dt^2 - e^{2\lambda(r)} dr^2 - r^2 d\theta^2 - r^2 \sin^2 \theta d\phi^2 ,$$

$$g_{00} = e^{2\nu(r)}, \quad g_{11} = -e^{2\lambda(r)}, \quad g_{22} = -r^2, \quad g_{33} = -r^2 \sin^2 \theta,$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_{00}^1 &= \nu' e^{2(\nu-\lambda)} , & \Gamma_{10}^0 &= \nu' , \\ \Gamma_{11}^1 &= \lambda' , & \Gamma_{12}^2 &= \Gamma_{13}^3 = 1/r , \\ \Gamma_{22}^1 &= -r e^{-2\lambda} , & \Gamma_{23}^3 &= \cot \theta , \\ \Gamma_{33}^1 &= -r \sin^2 \theta e^{-2\lambda} , & \Gamma_{33}^2 &= -\sin \theta \cos \theta . \end{aligned}$$

$$R_{\mu\nu} = \Gamma_{\mu\alpha,\nu}^\alpha - \Gamma_{\mu\nu,\alpha}^\alpha - \Gamma_{\mu\nu}^\alpha \Gamma_{\alpha\beta}^\beta + \Gamma_{\mu\beta}^\alpha \Gamma_{\nu\alpha}^\beta .$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_{00} &= \left(-\nu'' + \lambda' \nu' - \nu'^2 - \frac{2\nu'}{r} \right) e^{2(\nu-\lambda)} , \\ R_{11} &= \nu'' - \lambda' \nu' + \nu'^2 - \frac{2\lambda'}{r} , \\ R_{22} &= (1 + r\nu' - r\lambda') e^{-2\lambda} - 1 , \\ R_{33} &= R_{22} \sin^2 \theta . \end{aligned}$$