

A concise function such that given a matrix M as input

it will return (**Note: To check if $k < 0 \lambda_i = 0$ should not be considered**)

- i) the sum of the n absolute values of the eigenvalues or in general look at $\sum_{i=1}^n |\lambda_i|^k$
- ii) sum of the positive eigenvalues or in general $\sum_{i=1}^{n^+} (\lambda_i^+)^k$
- iii) sum of the absolute values of the negative eigenvalues $\sum_{i=1}^{n^-} |\lambda_i^-|^k$
- iv) minimum eigen value $\min_i \{\lambda_i\}$
- v) Maximum eigen value $\max_i \{\lambda_i\}$
- vi) Maximum of the absolute of the eigen values $\max_i \{|\lambda_i|\}$
- vii) Maximum eigen value -Minimum eigen value